

University of Oxford

Department of Physics
Subdepartment of Atomic and Laser Physics
Graduate class 2018

Michaelmas term test

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Problem 1. N photons are initially in a GHZ-like state

$$|\Psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|H \dots H\rangle + |V \dots V\rangle).$$

- a) All but one photons are measured in the diagonal basis. M measurements yielded the result $|+45^\circ\rangle$, the remaining $N - M - 1$ yielded $|-45^\circ\rangle$. Find the probability of this event and the state of the remaining photon.
- b) The same question for the measurement in the circular basis. M measurements yielded $|R\rangle$, the remaining $N - M - 1$ yielded $|L\rangle$.

Problem 2. A harmonic oscillator, initially in the vacuum state $|\psi(0)\rangle = |0\rangle$, evolves under the Hamiltonian

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{1}{2}\hbar\gamma(\hat{X}\hat{P} + \hat{P}\hat{X}) + \hbar d\hat{P},$$

where $\gamma, d > 0$.

- a) Find the mean and variance of the position and momentum observables as a function of time in the Heisenberg picture.
- b) Sketch the contour plot of the Wigner function of the corresponding state $|\psi(t)\rangle$. How would you call this state?
- c) Find the Fock decomposition of the state $|\psi(t)\rangle$ up to the first order in time for $\gamma t, dt \ll 1$ using the Schrödinger picture.
- d) Find the mean values of the position and momentum observables from the result of part (c) and check consistency with part (a).

Problem 3. A two-level atom, initially in the ground state $|\psi(0)\rangle = |b\rangle$, evolves under a field with the Rabi frequency Ω and detuning Δ . The relaxation constant of the atom is Γ . The field is weak so that either $\Omega \ll \Gamma$ or $\Omega \ll \Delta$.

- a) Write the differential equation for the evolution of the state under the rotating wave approximation and the stochastic wavefunction approach.
- b) Solve this equation and find the amplitude of the excited state as a function of time.
- c) Show the evolution of the state on the Bloch sphere for the cases $\Delta \ll \Gamma$ and $\Gamma \ll \Delta$.