

Homework 6

Solutions

6.1 a) $\rho = |\alpha|^2 |0\rangle\langle 0| + \alpha\beta^* |0\rangle\langle 1| + \alpha^*\beta |1\rangle\langle 0| + |\beta|^2 |1\rangle\langle 1|$

$$\rho' = |\alpha|^2 |0\rangle\langle 0| + A_{10} \alpha\beta^* |0\rangle\langle 1| + A_{10} \alpha^*\beta |1\rangle\langle 0| + |\beta|^2 (A_{10}^2 |1\rangle\langle 1| + A_{11}^2 |0\rangle\langle 0|)$$

$$= |\alpha|^2 |0\rangle\langle 0| + t \alpha\beta^* |0\rangle\langle 1| + t \alpha^*\beta |1\rangle\langle 0| + |\beta|^2 (t^2 |1\rangle\langle 1| + r^2 |0\rangle\langle 0|)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} |\alpha|^2 + (1-\gamma)|\beta|^2 & \sqrt{\gamma} \alpha\beta^* \\ \sqrt{\gamma} \alpha^*\beta & \gamma |\beta|^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

b) $1-\gamma = \delta \Rightarrow \sqrt{\gamma} = \sqrt{1-\delta} \approx 1 - \delta/2$

$$\rho' = \begin{pmatrix} |\alpha|^2 + \delta |\beta|^2 & (1-\delta/2) \alpha\beta^* \\ (1-\delta/2) \alpha^*\beta & (1-\delta) |\beta|^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

c) $\rho_{\psi}(x) = |\alpha \psi_0(x) + \beta \psi_1(x)|^2 = |\alpha + \sqrt{2}\beta x|^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-x^2}$

$$\rho_{\rho'}(x) = \langle x | \rho' | x \rangle$$

$$= (|\alpha|^2 + (1-\gamma)|\beta|^2) \psi_0^2(x) + \sqrt{\gamma} (\alpha^*\beta + \alpha\beta^*) \psi_0(x)\psi_1(x) + \gamma |\beta|^2 \psi_1^2(x)$$

$$= [|\alpha|^2 + (1-\gamma)|\beta|^2 + \sqrt{2\gamma} X (\alpha^*\beta + \beta^*\alpha) + 2\gamma |\beta|^2 X^2] \frac{1}{\pi} e^{-x^2}$$

$$\boxed{6.2.} \quad |TMSV\rangle = |00\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|11\rangle$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = |0\rangle + \alpha|1\rangle$$

$$|TMSV\rangle \otimes |\alpha\rangle = |000\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|110\rangle + \alpha|100\rangle$$

$$B_{23}(|TMSV\rangle \otimes |\alpha\rangle) = |000\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|110\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|101\rangle \\ + \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{2}}|100\rangle - \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{2}}|101\rangle$$

Project onto $\langle 1 |$ in mode 3:

$$\langle 1_3 | B_{23}(|TMSV\rangle \otimes |\alpha\rangle) = +\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|10\rangle + \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{2}}|10\rangle$$

Discard mode 2 $\rightarrow +\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1\rangle + \frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{2}}|10\rangle$

Normalize $\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha^2}} (\alpha|10\rangle + |1\rangle)$

6.3

$$H' = \hbar\gamma(PX + XP) = i\hbar\gamma(a^{+2} - a^2)$$

$$E_1^{(1)} = \langle 1 | H' | 1 \rangle = 0$$

$$E_1^{(2)} = \sum_{m \neq 1} \frac{|\langle m | H' | 1 \rangle|^2}{E_1^{(0)} - E_m^{(0)}}$$

The only nonvanishing term is $m=3$

$$E_1^{(2)} = \frac{(\hbar\gamma)^2}{\hbar\omega} \frac{|\langle 3 | a^{+2} | 1 \rangle|^2}{2} = -3\hbar \frac{\gamma^2}{\omega}$$

6.4

$$H' = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma (X_1^2 + 2X_1 X_2 + X_2^2)$$

$$W_{\psi\psi} = \langle 10 | H' | 10 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma \langle 10 | X_1^2 + X_2^2 | 10 \rangle = \frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma = 2 \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma$$

↑
cross term vanishes

$$W_{00} = \langle 01 | H' | 01 \rangle = W_{\psi\psi} = 2 \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_{\psi\phi} &= 2 \langle 10 | X_1 X_2 | 01 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma \langle 10 | (a_1 + a_1^\dagger)(a_2 + a_2^\dagger) | 01 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma \langle 10 | a_1^\dagger a_2 | 01 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow H' = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ in the subspace } \{ |10\rangle, |01\rangle \}$$

Eigenvalues: $\frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma, 3 \frac{1}{2} \hbar \gamma$

Eigenvectors: $\frac{|10\rangle \mp |01\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$