

University of Calgary
Winter semester 2017

PHYS 543: Quantum Mechanics II

Homework assignment 2

Due October 20, 2017

Problem 2.1. For $l = 3/2$:

- Find the matrices of \hat{L}_x , \hat{L}_y , \hat{L}_z , \hat{L}_\pm , and \hat{L}^2 explicitly.
- Verify that these matrices obey $\hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 + \hat{L}_z^2 = \hat{L}^2$.
- Determine the commutators $[\hat{L}_i, \hat{L}_j]$ in the matrix form and verify that they are consistent with the known commutation relations for the angular momentum components.
- Find the eigenvalues and normalized eigenstates of \hat{L}_x .
- As we know, the raising and lowering operators \hat{L}_\pm respectively increase and decrease the eigenvalue \hat{L}_z by \hbar . Find the matrices of the analogous operators \hat{L}_\pm^x that would raise and lower the eigenstates of \hat{L}_x .
- Apply \hat{L}_\pm^x to the eigenstates of \hat{L}_x and verify that their action is analogous to that of \hat{L}_\pm on the eigenstates of \hat{L}_z (up to an arbitrary phase factor that may arise from the randomness in defining the eigenstates of \hat{L}_x).

Problem 2.2. Consider two objects whose angular momentum states are $|l_1, m_1 = l_1\rangle$ and $|l_2, m_2 = l_2\rangle$. Show that the tensor product state $|l_1, m_1 = l_1\rangle \otimes |l_2, m_2 = l_2\rangle$ is an eigenstate of the operators \hat{L}^2 and \hat{L}_z (where $\hat{L} = \hat{L}_1 + \hat{L}_2$) with the eigenvalues corresponding to $l = m = l_1 + l_2$.
Hint: Express \hat{L}_x and \hat{L}_y through $L_{\pm,1}$ and $L_{\pm,2}$.

Problem 2.3. Consider the eigenstate $|lm_{\theta\phi}\rangle$ of the observable $\hat{L}_{\vec{R}_{\theta\phi}}$ (which is the projection of \hat{L} onto the vector $\vec{R}_{\theta\phi}$ with the spherical coordinates (θ, ϕ)) with the eigenvalue $m\hbar$. Find the mean values of \hat{L}_x , \hat{L}_y , \hat{L}_z in this state and show that they are proportional to the projections of the vector $\vec{R}_{\theta\phi}$ onto the corresponding coordinate axes.

Hint: Change the reference frame to (x', y', z') such that the new axis z' is parallel to $\vec{R}_{\theta\phi}$ and express \hat{L}_x , \hat{L}_y and \hat{L}_z through $\hat{L}_{x'}$, $\hat{L}_{y'}$ and $\hat{L}_{z'}$.

Problem 2.4. Calculate the normalized radial wavefunction of the state $|n, l = n - 2\rangle$ of the hydrogen atom with an arbitrary principal quantum number n .

Hint: $\int_0^\infty x^n r^{-x} dx = n!$

Problem 2.5. Find the matrix elements (a) $\langle 100 | \hat{A} | 200 \rangle$, (b) $\langle 100 | \hat{A} | 210 \rangle$, (c) $\langle 100 | \hat{A} | 211 \rangle$ of observables $\hat{A} = \hat{x}, \hat{y}, \hat{z}$ in the hydrogen atom.

Problem 2.6. Linearly polarized photons with different polarization angles α pass through a quarter-wave plate with its optic axis oriented

- horizontally;

b) at 45° .

Find the locus of the resulting states on the Bloch sphere.