

University of Calgary
Fall semester 2015

PHYS 543: Quantum Mechanics II

Homework assignment 4

Due Tuesday, November 3, 2015

Problem 4.1. Perform full calculation of the energy eigenvalues an electron in an atom as a function of the applied magnetic field. In addition to the Zeeman interaction, the spin-orbit interaction is present, so the total Hamiltonian is

$$\hat{H} = A\hat{L} \cdot \hat{S} - \hat{\mu} \cdot \vec{B}.$$

Field B is oriented along the z axis, $A > 0$ is constant. The orbital angular momentum $l = 1$. The gyromagnetic ratios for the orbital and spin angular momenta are, respectively,

$$\gamma_l = -\frac{e}{2m} = -\frac{\mu_B}{\hbar}; \quad \gamma_s = -\frac{e}{m} = -\frac{2\mu_B}{\hbar},$$

where μ_B is the Bohr magneton, and the negative sign accounts for the negative charge of the electron.

- a) Find the matrix of the Hamiltonian in the $\{|j, m_j\rangle\}$ basis, with (j, m_j) taking on all possible values for $l = 1, s = \frac{1}{2}$:

$$\begin{aligned} |v_1\rangle &= \left| j = \frac{3}{2}, m_j = \frac{3}{2} \right\rangle; \\ |v_2\rangle &= \left| j = \frac{3}{2}, m_j = \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle; \\ |v_3\rangle &= \left| j = \frac{1}{2}, m_j = \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle; \\ |v_4\rangle &= \left| j = \frac{3}{2}, m_j = -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle; \\ |v_5\rangle &= \left| j = \frac{1}{2}, m_j = -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle; \\ |v_6\rangle &= \left| j = \frac{3}{2}, m_j = -\frac{3}{2} \right\rangle. \end{aligned}$$

Use notation

$$\alpha = \frac{A\hbar^2}{2}; \quad \beta = \mu_B B.$$

Hint: First write the first term of the Hamiltonian in the $\{|j, m_j\rangle\}$ basis, and the second term in the $\{|m_l, m_s\rangle\}$ basis. Then, knowing that the two bases are related via the Clebsch-Gordan coefficients, rewrite the second term in the $\{|j, m_j\rangle\}$ basis using the method of “inserting identity”.

- b) Find the eigenvalues $E_i(\alpha, \beta)$ of the Hamiltonian.

Hint: Rather than solving the characteristic equation for the entire 6×6 matrix, notice that the matrix is block-diagonal and diagonalize individual blocks.

- c) Decompose the expressions for energy eigenvalues into a power series in β for $\beta \ll \alpha$ (weak Zeeman effect) and in α for $\beta \gg \alpha$ (strong Zeeman effect) up to the two leading terms.

- d) In the regime of weak Zeeman effect, show that each of the levels with a certain value of j splits according to

$$E_{j,m_j}(B) \approx E_j(B=0) + \mu_B B g_j m_j,$$

where

$$g_j = 1 + \frac{j(j+1) + s(s+1) - l(l+1)}{2j(j+1)}.$$

- e) In the regime of strong Zeeman effect, show that energy levels asymptotically tend to

$$E_{m_l, m_s} \approx \mu_B B (m_l + 2m_s) + O(\alpha).$$

- f) Use software to plot all six $E_i(\alpha, \beta)$ as a function of β in the range $[0, 5\alpha]$. Also plot the asymptotic behavior for the strong Zeeman effect case by dashed lines.